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# ALASKA HIGHWAY

Canadian Section

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## INTRODUCTION

If you have a taste for adventure and like driving through wilderness country almost untouched by the hand of man, then a wonderful journey awaits you along the Alaska Highway.

It's a long trip - 1,523 miles from Mile "0" at Dawson Creek, British Columbia to Fairbanks, Alaska - but the highway ranks high on the list of world renowned vacation routes. Some 1,221 miles of the road lies in Canada.

From Dawson Creek, B.C. where the road proper starts, you'll penetrate a land of mystery and enchantment. You'll drive through a densely forested Rocky Mountain region, past silent, tree-lined lakes along spruce and birch-clad river valleys where the only sign of habitation is small outposts, mining projects and highway construction camps.

It's an exciting, rugged land, rich in scenic beauty, and remote from civilization; and it's a sportsman's paradise.

For anglers, fishing in the swift running streams, and in the clear, icy northern lakes is a superb sport. You may stop along the way and try your luck with fighting Arctic grayling, northern pike, pickerel, lake trout and giant rainbow trout; and in season the hunter will find moose, deer, bear and other big game in abundance.

Key to a successful and carefree highway vacation in the Yukon is careful planning. Schedule your trip along the Highway for the period from June to October. At other times of the year you may experience extreme winter cold and during spring thaws driving is sometimes uncomfortable and difficult for a pleasure trip. The road, however, is open all year long.

The Alaska Highway is not a paved road, but a gravelled all-weather highway on which dust conditions are bound to be encountered in dry weather. The road alignment, grades and sight distances are good and it is possible to average an ordinary day's driving on the Highway. You can also plan on having up to 20 hours of daylight in this country during the summer period.

Mosquitos may be encountered in some areas but if you carry a supply of some of the modern repellents they won't mar your trip in any way. It's best to remember, too, that nights in the northern mountain regions can be quite cool, even in mid-summer, so if you're planning on camping along the Highway, come prepared with a set of blankets and some warm clothing.

Hotels, stores, meals, gas, oil and repairs are available at convenient stops along the entire route, and if you like to camp out there's plenty of opportunity, including ten prepared camp-grounds with cooking and other facilities in the Yukon section.

Let's take a look at some of the exciting things to see along the Highway. At Fort Nelson, the road winds through the most northerly extension of the Rocky Mountain range, climbing to the highest point on the route at Summit Lake, Mile 392, where the elevation is 4,156 feet.

Hot springs bubble out of the ground in the vicinity of Toad River Gorge and the Liard River, nearly 500 miles north of Dawson Creek. Hence the Indian Legend of "Paradise Valley", enshrouded in mystery and abundant with tropical flowers and vegetation.

If you're a camera enthusiast, take plenty of colour film, for the scenic splendor of the Alaska Highway is perhaps unsurpassed anywhere in the world. Views of exceptional beauty may be seen at Muncho Lake in the Canadian Rockies, Teslin Lake near Whitehorse and the north side of the great St. Elias range. Teslin Lake, at Mile 804, bears the Indian word for 'long', and winds for 85 miles between snow-scarred cliffs. It was once part of the Klondike Trail.

Whitehorse, Capital of the Yukon, and centre for communications and mining, combines the conveniences of a modern city with all the colour and excitement of a bustling frontier community. Visitors can see the unique Indian burial ground north of the city. Some of the graves are covered by small houses, in which dishes, tobacco, pipes and other items are often placed in the belief that the spirits might return.

Near Whitehorse, too, are Takhini Hot Springs; the Steamer Yukoner, one of the last of the Gold Rush flotilla; Miles Canyon, where traces of the old wooden tramway rails used in the gold rush days to by-pass Whitehorse Rapids, still remain. A suspension bridge across the canyon gives visitors a chance to view the rushing waters at close range.

At Mile 1083 the Highway skirts Destruction Bay, famous for the number of boats wrecked there during the gold rush days. The Million-Dollar Mile, Mile 1454, is so called because it was surfaced with the tailings from the fabulous gold strikes on Tenderfoot Creek.

An alternate route from Whitehorse to Alaska passes through Dawson City and is always a rewarding experience. The famed centre of the Klondike Gold Rush, has many reminders of this earlier time. You'll see the Royal Alexandra Hotel, the Nugget Dance Hall, the ruins of Klondike City and the old Northwest Mounted Police Barracks. You can visit the placer workings in the Klondyke River Valley, or climb the mountain known as "Midnight Dome" for a spectacular panoramic view of the region.

In Dawson and Whitehorse visitors shop for such delightful handicraft items as delicate ivory carvings, jewelry fabricated from raw gold panned in nearby creeks, or unusual pieces of Indian beadwork.

The Alaska Highway has all the ingredients required for a memorable vacation - miles of spectacular scenery, fish and game in abundance, and good accommodation dotted at convenient intervals. It's a journey that will take you to the top of the world.



## ALASKA HIGHWAY - CANADIAN SECTION

Construction of the Alaska Highway (Canadian Section) began in March, 1942 as a military highway and was completed in 1943. Its total length from Dawson Creek British Columbia, to Fairbanks, Alaska, is 1,527 miles, of which 1,221 miles are in Canada and 306 miles in Alaska. It has a gravelled, all-weather surface from Dawson Creek through British Columbia and the Yukon Territory to the Yukon-Alaska Boundary and is open to travel throughout the year. It is operated and maintained by the Canadian Army, (Northwest Highway System) with Headquarters at Whitehorse, Yukon Territory.

The Alaska Highway through Canada commences at Dawson Creek, British Columbia, (Mile 0.0) and enters Alaska at Mile 1221. Dawson Creek is the western terminus of the branch of the Northern Alberta Railways, (495 miles from Edmonton) and is also reached via the provincial highways of Alberta and British Columbia.

Motorists from the Pacific and Mid-west States can drive through British Columbia over highways 1 and 2 (97) and the John Hart Highway, a distance of approximately 773 miles from Vancouver. From Osoyoos, at the Washington State border, the distance to Dawson Creek is 778 miles.

For Pacific States and Mid-west motorists the route from Coutts, Alberta, over Highways 4 and 2 to Dawson Creek is 870 miles. Another popular route through Alberta is via newly opened Highway 43, which starts from paved Highway 16 a short distance west of Edmonton and runs through northern Alberta connecting with Route 34 near Valleyview. The distance from Coutts to Dawson Creek via Highway 43 is about 769 miles.

Connecting highways through the Prairie Provinces offer more direct connections to motorists from the East and Central parts of the North American Continent.

### TRAVEL REGULATIONS

Crossing the U.S.-Canadian border either way is usually made without difficulty or delay by permanent residents of the U.S.A. They do not require passports. To assist officers of both nations to speed the crossing, however, native-born U.S. citizens should carry identifying papers such as birth, baptismal or voter's certificate, driver's licence, or special letters. Other residents from the United States are advised to have either a Naturalization Certificate or an Alien Registration Receipt Card.

**MOTORISTS - BE SURE TO CARRY YOUR CAR REGISTRATION CARD**

### CANADIAN CUSTOMS REQUIREMENTS (ALASKA HIGHWAY)

Every person entering Canada either from Alaska or from any part of the United States and intending to drive over the Alaska Highway should have in his possession at time of entry into Canada a sufficient sum of money for the trip, or should be able to prove to the satisfaction of frontier officers that he can obtain in Canada any additional funds required. The total mileage to be driven from point of entry to point of exit will provide some idea of the number of days the traveller will be in Canada. The types of vehicle i.e. ordinary car, truck, trailer, etc. will indicate the quantity of gas and oil required for the trip. In the same way the number of people in the party multiplied by number of days and average daily cost for food and lodging will provide a good indication of total normal expenditure. A reasonable sum should also be included in the estimate for possible road emergencies, because the trip is mostly over gravel-surfaced roads.

Motor cars in poor condition and older models, namely cars that are more than 10 years old, must be entered on a commercial Vehicle Permit, with either cash or guarantee bond for export.

Similar action will be taken with respect to other travellers where the amount of money and/or equipment carried appear to be inadequate for the journey.

Unless it is felt by the Customs officer at port of entry that the vehicle used for tractive purposes is not equal to the task, house trailers up to 15 feet long may be permitted entry when towed by any four-wheeled automotive vehicle. House trailers of 16 feet to 30 feet in length may be admitted when pulled by any standard American make of automobile not lighter than the Ford-Plymouth-Chevrolet class. Any trailer beyond 30 feet in length may be permitted entry only when towed by a vehicle of at least three-quarter ton rating. All such motor vehicle-trailer combinations shall be covered by a Commercial Vehicle Permit with cash deposit or guarantee bond as security for export. The Canadian Customs officer at the frontier port of arrival is the person who will determine, by physical examination, the amount of cash deposit or bond to be taken out.

AGENTS FOR GOVERNMENT APPROVED BONDING COMPANIES ARE LOCATED IN CLOSE PROXIMITY TO PRINCIPAL PORTS OF ENTRY INTO CANADA. Cost of such guarantee bonds is reasonable.

If motor vehicle trailer combinations are more than 60 feet long, 8 feet wide or 12 feet 8 inches high, a permit to travel over the Alaska Highway must be obtained from Headquarters, Northwest Highway System, Whitehorse, Y.T., or from the Garrison Commander, Dawson Creek, B.C.

#### BAGGAGE, FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT

Household effects, tools of trade or any items of merchandise not ordinarily classifiable as normal baggage, carried in passenger vehicles driven by the owners or in small personally-owned trailers, may be entered on a Tourist Permit and released without security.

Personal belongings, sporting equipment, radios, musical instruments, still and moving picture cameras and six rolls of film and 12 flash bulbs per person, typewriters for personal use, 50 cigars, 200 cigarettes, two pounds of tobacco, 40 ounces of alcoholic beverage, two days' food supply per person (excepting pork and pork products), and gasoline and oil for 300 miles motoring, may be brought into Canada free of duty or deposit.

Additional quantities of consumable goods such as food-stuffs, may be carried in transit to Alaska free of duty provided they are brought in containers which can be easily sealed by Customs officials at port of entry.

A report inwards into Canada from Alaska and outwards from Canada into Alaska is required to be made through Canadian Customs at Snag Creek, Little Gold Creek, Old Crow, Yukon Territory or Pleasant Camp, British Columbia.

#### FIREARMS - FISHING TACKLE

A visitor does not require a Federal permit to possess rifles, shotguns or fishing tackle in Canada. He must provide Customs with a description of such equipment and serial numbers of guns so that the articles may be readily cleared upon their return.

Such permission does not give the right to hunt or fish. There are specific laws in all provinces which must be observed. Non-resident licences are required for each province where the visitor plans to hunt or fish. When rifles and shotguns are carried in transit, the visitor should ensure that he is familiar with the laws of the provinces through which he is travelling.

In British Columbia, non-residents carrying rifles, shotguns or fishing tackle in transit must have such equipment sealed by game authorities immediately after entering the Province. In Alberta, rifles and shotguns carried in transit must remain stowed in the car at all times.



Fifty (50) rounds of ammunition per person are admitted duty free.

#### NOTE

Revolvers, pistols, or other prohibited weapons, the personal property of persons travelling by highway to and from Alaska through Canada, may be allowed entry without special firearm import permit, under the following regulations:

- (1) Such firearms must be placed in a separate container and sealed by Canadian Customs.
- (2) At the port of exit the seal will be removed by the Customs Officer. If there is indication that it has been tampered with, the firearm will be seized.

#### PROVINCIAL APPROACH ROADS

The principal approach roads through Alberta are paved from Coutts opposite Sweet Grass, Montana, and from Carway or Waterton Lakes to fifty miles north of Edmonton. From there No. 2 Highway is gravelled to Dawson Creek except for sections of pavement in the Grande Prairie and Dawson Creek districts. It is also possible to drive over newly-opened Highway 43 which starts a short distance west of Edmonton on Highway 16 and connects with route 34 at Valleyview. Highway 43 is gravel surfaced but 16 is paved. The two principal approach roads through British Columbia from Vancouver and Osoyoos are paved to Kersley; from that point there are some gravel stretches to Prince George and a well maintained gravel surface from there to Dawson Creek. These highways are kept in good condition in all seasons except when unusual weather prevails. Current road reports for Alberta and British Columbia may be obtained from the Director, Alberta Government Travel Bureau, Legislative Building, Edmonton, Alberta and from the British Columbia Travel Bureau, Victoria, British Columbia, respectively.

#### SPECIAL PROVINCIAL TRAILER RESTRICTIONS

There are certain restrictions on the use of trailers on the Cariboo Highway between Yale and Lytton, British Columbia (Highway No. 1). The over-all length of the automobile and the trailer must not exceed 30 feet; the gross weight of the automobile and trailer, with load, must not exceed 35,000 pounds; the width must not be greater than 8 feet.

Motorists entering British Columbia pulling trailers over these specified measurements may by-pass the Yale-Lytton Highway by driving via Hope-Princeton-Merritt and Spences Bridge (Highways Nos. 3, 5, and 8).

#### MAXIMUM SPEED LIMITS ON ALASKA HIGHWAY

	<u>BRITISH COLUMBIA</u>	<u>YUKON TERRITORY</u>
Passenger Vehicles	50 miles per hour	50 miles per hour
Trucks	50 miles per hour	40 miles per hour
Solid Tire Vehicles	10 miles per hour	10 miles per hour
Camp Areas	30 miles per hour	30 miles per hour
Passing Road Maintenance Equipment	30 miles per hour	30 miles per hour

#### CARS WITH TUBELESS TIRES

Because of the lack of proper equipment at small establishments along the Alaska Highway, repairs for tubeless tires are generally not available. In view of this, parties travelling over the Alaska Highway with tubeless tires are advised to carry spare inner tubes. Then, if damage is done to wheel rims, the inner tube can be placed in the tire, making it possible to continue the journey.



### LOADING AND CLEARANCE REGULATIONS

The Gross Weight of vehicle and load shall not exceed 600 pounds per inch width of each pneumatic tire, inside diameter fully inflated.

The Overall Width of vehicle and load shall not exceed 8 feet.

The Overall Height of vehicle and load shall not exceed 12 feet, 8 inches.

The Overall Length of any single vehicle shall not exceed 35 feet with or without load. The overall length of any combination of vehicles shall not exceed 60 feet. Semi-trailers shall not exceed 40 feet.

Not more than one trailing vehicle will be permitted attached to any towing unit.

A detailed loading chart may be obtained by writing the Canadian Government Travel Bureau, Ottawa, Canada.

### ROAD CONDITIONS

Approach roads through the Provinces of Alberta and British Columbia as well as the Alaska Highway are being improved every year and most hazards of the journey have been eliminated. However, it is still a long journey.

Weather has a great influence on travelling conditions along the Alaska Highway. The following summary will give a general idea of seasonal conditions:

#### DECEMBER - JANUARY - FEBRUARY

During these months snow-fall usually averages from 10 to 15 inches a month, and the highway is generally in good condition. Hard packed snow provides smooth driving. Below zero weather prevails at this time of the year. Precautions should be taken to have necessary clothing for protection against such weather. Automobiles should be completely winterized to withstand 60°F. below zero temperatures. Tire chains, tow-rope, shovel and means to produce fire should be brought along.

#### MARCH - APRIL - MAY

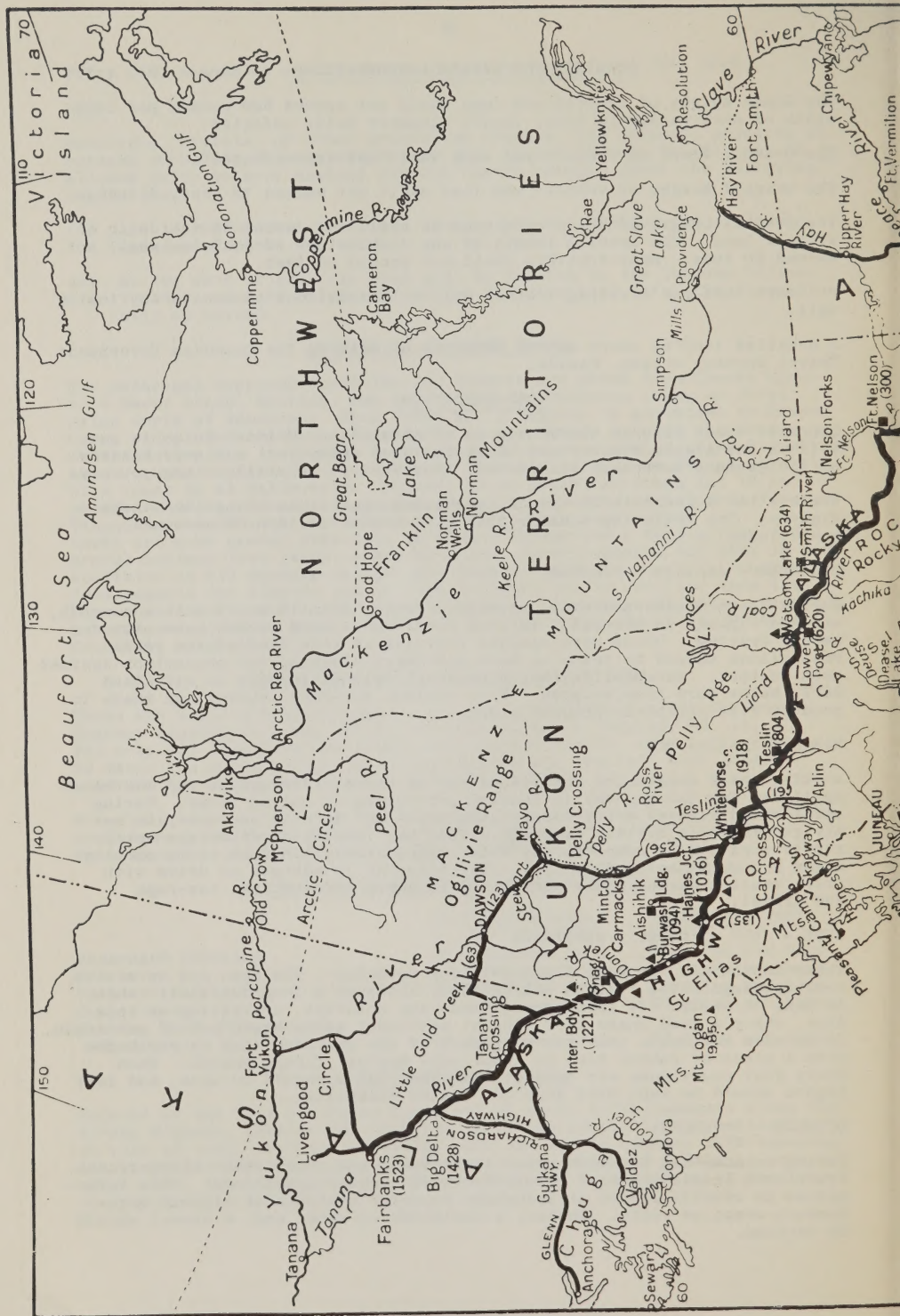
Melting snows create icy conditions during March. Throughout the months of April and May the highway is usually poor owing to spring thaws. During this period highway maintenance authorities may find it necessary to restrict travel in certain sections. This may involve short delays until repair work can be completed by maintenance crews. In such cases warning signs are prominently displayed. The motorist is advised to drive with extra caution during these months and to carry tire chains, tow-rope and shovel.

#### JUNE - JULY - AUGUST - SEPTEMBER

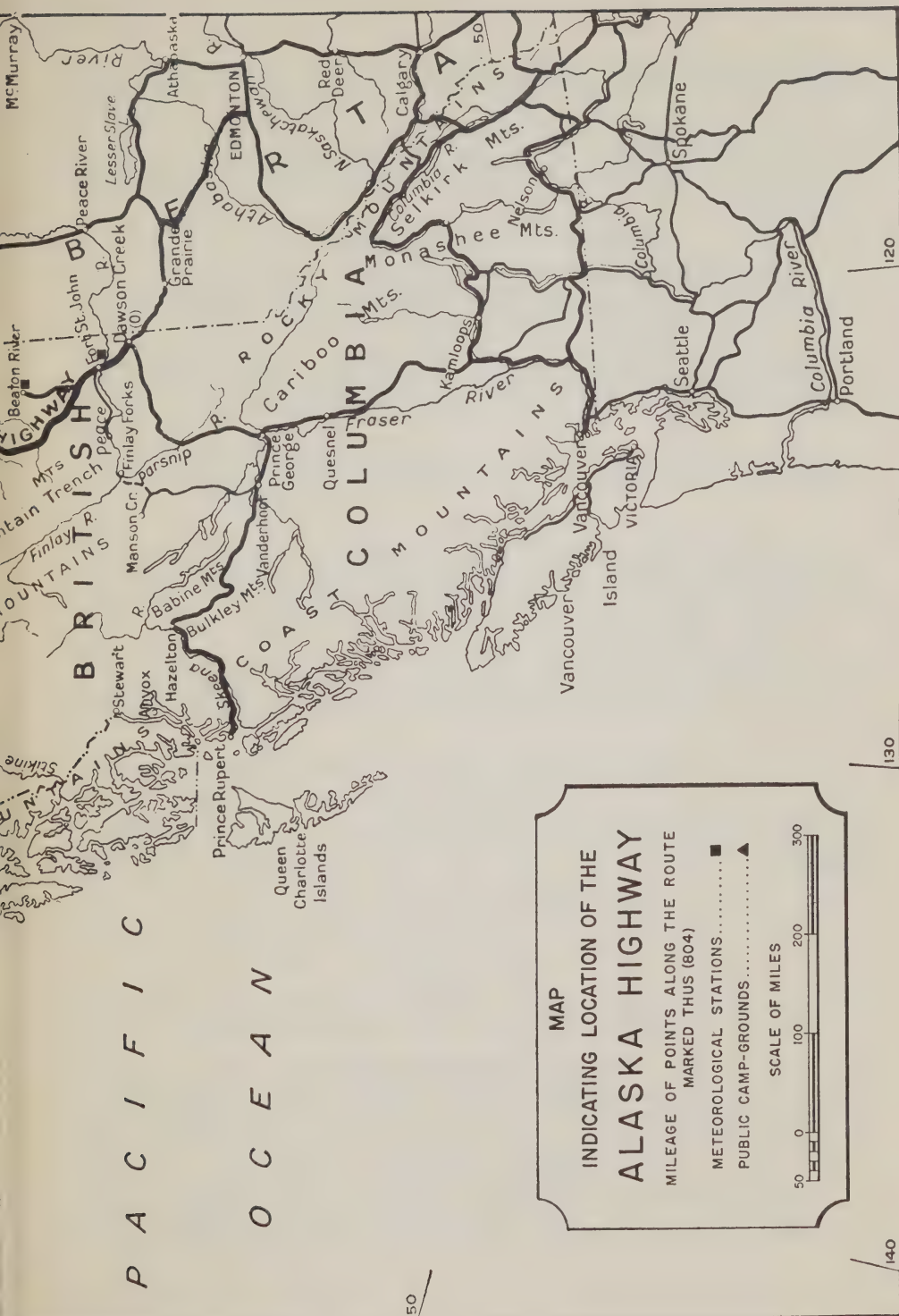
These months are the most favourable for motoring. The days are warm with cool evenings. The road is well graded, although a long dry spell tends to make it dusty. It is suggested that the motorist, travelling at this time, carry a good spare tire, insect repellent and a basic set of car tools. It is also advisable that the underpart of the gasoline tank be protected with a piece of rubber tire or inner tube against flying gravel. When heavy dust conditions are encountered, headlights should be used, and tail lights should be kept dirt free for better visibility.

#### OCTOBER - NOVEMBER

During October and November rain, light snow, and frost cause slipperiness. Travellers should acquaint themselves with highway conditions. This information is usually posted at telephone repeater stations or highway maintenance camps en route. Chains, a container of sand, and a shovel should be carried.







Elsewhere in this booklet will be found a chart showing average monthly maximum and minimum temperatures along the Canadian section of the highway.

\* \* \*

The Haines Road, connecting the port of Haines, Alaska, with the Alaska Highway at a point approximately 99 miles west of Whitehorse, Yukon Territory, is open to traffic during the summer period from June to October inclusive.

#### TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH SERVICES

The Northwest Communication System, operated by Canadian National Telegraphs, provides facilities for public long distance telephone and commercial telegraph services. These facilities are located at repeater stations and offices listed with Roadside Accommodations.

Connections may be made with agencies for exchange of telegraph and telephone messages with Alaska; telegraph messages with sections of Northwest Canada; and with Edmonton for telephone and telegraph messages to or from any destination.

The Northwest Communication System also has interchange arrangements with Department of transport facilities at Fort St. John, Beaton River, Fort Nelson, Smith River, Watson Lake, Teslin, Whitehorse, Aishihik and Snag.

#### BUS SERVICES

Canadian Coachways operate bus services from Edmonton, Alberta to Dawson Creek, British Columbia and over the Alaska Highway to Whitehorse, Yukon Territory. The White Pass and Yukon Route operate buses from Whitehorse, Yukon Territory to Scottie Creek, Alaska, where connections are made with Alaska Highway Tours, for Fairbanks, Alaska.

Western Canadian Greyhound Lines service cities and towns from Winnipeg to the West Coast and their buses also make regular runs to Edmonton, Alberta and Prince George, British Columbia. From Prince George, Northern Stages Limited operate regularly to Dawson Creek (via the John Hart Highway).

Information concerning bus schedules may be obtained from Canadian Coachways Limited, 10805 - 120th Street, Edmonton, Alberta; White Pass and Yukon Route, 1226 Joseph Vance Building, P.O. Box 1846, Seattle 11, Washington; Western Canadian Greyhound Lines Limited, 222 - 1st Avenue West, Calgary, Alberta; Northern Stages Limited, 1189 - 4th Avenue, Prince George, British Columbia; and Alaska Highway Tours, 420 Joseph Vance Building, Seattle 1, Washington.

#### ADMINISTRATION OF NATURAL RESOURCES

The administration of natural resources along the Alaska Highway falls within the jurisdiction of the various governments concerned.

Disposal of public lands in British Columbia is administered by the British Columbia Government representative at Pouce Coupe, British Columbia, or the Department of Lands and Forests, Victoria, British Columbia.

Territorial lands in Yukon Territory may be disposed of by sale, lease, or licence of occupation. Application forms and additional information on land privileges may be obtained from the Commissioner of Yukon Territory at Whitehorse, or from the Agents of Territorial Lands at Whitehorse, Dawson or Mayo, Yukon Territory.

#### PROSPECTING AND MINING

Any person over 18 years of age has the right, with certain reservations, to prospect and mine upon lands in Yukon Territory where the right to mine minerals has not been alienated from the Crown. The fee for recording a



claim is \$10. Copies of the Yukon Quartz and Placer Mining Acts and other mining regulations may be obtained from the Commissioner of Yukon Territory at Whitehorse, or the Lands Division, Northern Administration and Lands Branch, Department of Northern Affairs and National Resources, Ottawa, Canada. Information concerning mineral regulations for that section of the Alaska Highway situated within British Columbia is available from the Department of Mines, Victoria, British Columbia.

Information concerning natural resources along the highway in Alaska is available from the United States Department of the Interior, Juneau, Alaska.

#### BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Persons planning to operate tourist camps, service stations, or other concessions along the Alaska Highway in Canada, are reminded that the tourist business, particularly in this area, is a seasonal occupation. Therefore, any such venture should be augmented by some other source of income. For additional information concerning business opportunities or licences in Yukon Territory, application should be made to the Commissioner of Yukon Territory at Whitehorse, Yukon Territory or the Territorial Agent at Whitehorse, Yukon Territory.

Similar information concerning business opportunities on sites in British Columbia may be obtained from the Department of Recreation and Conservation, Victoria, British Columbia.

Persons planning to operate bus or trucking services over the Alaska Highway will be required to comply with provincial and territorial regulations. Applications should be made to the Public Utility Commission, Victoria, B.C., and to the Commissioner of Yukon Territory, Whitehorse, Yukon Territory, or to the Territorial Agent, Whitehorse, Yukon Territory. There are also loading and clearance regulations which must be adhered to. Such regulations are published by the Commissioner, Northwest Highway System and are available from the Canadian Government Travel Bureau of from Headquarters, Northwest Highway System, Whitehorse, Y.T. Information concerning bus or trucking services on the Alaska Highway in Alaska may be obtained from the Bureau of Public Roads, Juneau, Alaska.

Motor vehicle operators desiring to become bonded carriers shall make application to the Department of National Revenue, Ottawa.

#### FISH AND GAME REGULATIONS

Fishing and hunting in the Yukon Territory are permitted under licence and during open seasons. Full information and up-to-date regulations may be obtained from the Game Department, Whitehorse, Yukon Territory. Information and regulations applicable to British Columbia and Alberta are available from the Game Commissioner, Office of Game Commission, 567 Burrard Street, Vancouver, British Columbia and the Fish and Game Commissioner, Department of Lands and Forests, Edmonton, Alberta.

#### TOPOGRAPHICAL MAPS

Topographical maps - price 25¢ - may be obtained from the Map Distribution Office, Department of Mines and Technical Surveys, Ottawa, Canada.

#### GASOLINE, MEALS, ACCOMMODATION

The cost of gasoline on the Alaska Highway ranges from 47 cents at Dawson Creek to 68 cents at Coal River, British Columbia, halfway along the highway. From that point the price declines to 51 cents at Whitehorse and gradually increases again to 68 cents at Beaver Creek. This fluctuation of prices is caused by the long haulage of this commodity from main distribution centres in Canada and Alaska. In Canada the Imperial gallon is the measure used, thus five Canadian gallons are equal to six U.S. gallons.

Prices of accommodation and food compare with those in the U.S. and main sections of Canada. In the smaller lodges a room may be obtained for \$3.50 and \$4.00 per person per night, up to \$10.00 or \$12.00 for a double room at the larger inns and hotels. Breakfast, lunch and dinner may be purchased at prices ranging from 75 cents to \$3.00.

Prices quoted above are the latest available, but may be subject to change from time to time.

#### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Requests for additional information concerning the section of the Alaska Highway in British Columbia should be addressed to the Department of Recreation and Conservation, Victoria, British Columbia, and for the part passing through Yukon Territory, to the Commissioner of Yukon Territory, Whitehorse, Yukon Territory.

Information about travel on the Alaska Highway within Alaska may be obtained from the Bureau of Public Roads, Juneau, Alaska.

#### ROADSIDE FACILITIES

A list of accommodation, camp-grounds, lunchstops and roadside facilities along the highway will be found on the following pages. Travellers cannot expect assistance in matters of food or shelter from Northwest Highway System maintenance camps.

The Canadian Government has provided 10 free camp-grounds and seven lunch stops along the Alaska Highway in the Yukon Territory. These facilities are intended for the convenience of travellers who carry their food and supplies. Parking areas are convenient to cooking and kitchen shelters. Each location has fireplace, tables, good water, toilets, and available firewood. Camp-grounds have indoor cooking ranges.

If camping in the woods at other than organized sites in British Columbia it is necessary to obtain a permit from local fire or game wardens before entering the bush.

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#### A NOTE TO CANADIANS...

who intend to travel on the Alaska Highway. Although the border regulations included in this booklet do not apply to Canadian citizens, they are advised to observe the precautionary measures designed to facilitate their journey.



ACCOMMODATION AND ROADSIDE FACILITIES			Number of Persons Accom.	Telephone and Telegraph Service
Mile	Location or Establishment	Services and Facilities		
BRITISH COLUMBIA				
0	Dawson Creek			
	McCutcheon's Motel	Accom. with cooking facilities	44	Yes
	Mile Zero Hotel	Accom. with private showers or baths	80	Yes
	Callison Motel	Accom., gas & oil		
	Dawson Hotel	Accom., meals	120	Yes
	Harper's Motel & Pat's Service	Accom., meals, gas & oil, minor car repairs, store		
	Northern Tire & Retreading	Motel, accom., meals, gas & oil, tires, minor car repairs	54	Yes
	Sunset Motel	Accom., store, gas & oil, car repairs, trailer parking	20	Yes
	Modern Trailer Home	Trailer facilities		
	Cedar Lodge Motel	Accom., some housekeeping	52	Yes
	Ranch Hotel	Accom., baths & showers, Landing strip	64	Yes
	Bett's Lodge	Accom.		
1	MacGregor Motel	Accom. with or without cooking facilities	40	Yes
	Trail's Motel	Accom., store, gas & oil, minor car repairs, trailer space, post office	110	Yes
	Farstad Motel	Accom.		
	Midway Motel	Accom.		
	We-Ask-U-Inn	Accom., camping & trailer space	12	
2	Triway Motel & Trailer Park	Accom., housekeeping cabins, 160 Trailer stalls with gas, water, electricity and sewer		Yes
16	Farmington	Post Office, store, gas & oil		
35	Peace River Bridge	Meals, minor car repairs		
47	Titus Rooms	Accom., store	20	Yes
49	Fort St. John	Meals, stores, gas & oil and repairs		Yes
	Fort St. John Hotel	Accom. rooms with bath, meals	80	Yes
	Bedore's Motel	Accom.		
52	Charlie Lake Motel	Accom., gas & oil, minor car repairs, meals		
101	Blueberry Lodge	Accom., meals, gas & oil, car repairs, post office, camping & trailer facilities	20	Yes
136	Black Spruce Lodge	Accom.	14	
137	Beaton River Hotel	Accom., meals, repairs, gas & oil, store		
147	Pink Mountain Lodge	Accom., meals, gas & oil, repairs	16	No
	Beaton River Hotel	Accom.		
171	Mason Creek Lodge	Accom., meals, gas & oil, repairs, store, trailer space		
200	Trutch Lodge	Accom., meals, gas & oil, hunting and guide service	20	Yes
232	Dutch Mill	Accom., gas & oil, minor car repairs		
233	Lum & Abners	Accom., gas & oil-diesel fuel, minor car repairs, meals, store	34	Yes
278	The Last Resort	Accom., meals, gas & oil, minor car repairs, trailer space, post office	21	No

<u>Mile</u>	<u>Location or Establishment</u>	<u>Services and Facilities</u>	<u>Number of Persons Accom.</u>	<u>Telephone and Telegraph Service</u>
BRITISH COLUMBIA (continued)				
300	Hilltop Cabins	Accom.		
	Fort Nelson	Stores, repairs		
	Fort Nelson Hotel	Accom., meals, repairs	100	Yes
	Muskwa Motel and Service	Accom., meals, gas	24	Yes
	Midnight Sun Cabins	Accom.	12	Yes
	Avonlee Hotel	Accom., meals, car repairs		Yes
	Star Lite Motel	Accom., meals, gas & oil, minor car repairs	32	Yes
351	Steamboat Mountain Lodge	Accom., meals, gas & oil car repairs		
392	The Summit	Accom., meals, gas & oil car repairs, store, trailer space	30	Yes
	Rocky Mountain Auto Court	Accom., gas & oil, minor car repairs		
419		Guides & outfitters		
422	Toad River Lodge Ltd.	Accom., meals, gas & oil, repairs, trailer space, guide service for big game	25	Yes
442	The Village	Accom. with showers, meals, gas & oil, repairs, store, trailer park	40	No
462	Highland Glen Cabins	Accom., meals, gas & oil, store, boats and motors	18	Yes
	Lakeview Lodge	Accom., meals, gas & oil, store, post office, indoor swimming pool, bus stop	17 cabins 18 rooms	
463	Muncho Lake Lodge	Accom., meals, gas & oil, minor car repairs	30	
	John and Marion's Fishing Camp	Accom., housekeeping units, public laundry, store, fishing tackle rented and sold, boats, motors, guide, fishing & hunting licences, camping and trailer space	20	
496	Liard River Hotel and Bungalows	Accom., meals, gas & oil, minor car repairs, post office, trailer space	45	Yes
528	Dew Drop-In	Accom.		
533	Coal River Lodge	Accom.		
543	Fireside Inn	Accom., housekeeping cabins, gas & oil, repairs, wrecker service, trailer space with electricity	28	Yes
596	Irons Creek Lodge Y.T.	Accom., meals, gas & oil, minor car repairs, camping and trailer space	14	Yes
620	Lower Post Hotel B.C.	Accom., meals, gas & oil, repairs and wrecking service, store, trailer parking space, game office	40	Yes
YUKON TERRITORY				
632	Watson Lake	Campground		
635	Watson Lake	Meals, gas & oil, repairs, store, post office		
	Watson Lake Hotel	Accom., meals, gas & oil	60	Yes
	Jac & Macs Hotel and Cabins	Accom., meals, gas & oil, tires	30	Yes



<u>Mile</u>	<u>Location or Establishment</u>	<u>Services and Facilities</u>	<u>Number of Persons Accom.</u>	<u>Telephone and Telegraph Service</u>
YUKON TERRITORY (continued)				
674	Big Creek	Lunchground		
687	Transport Cafe	Accom., meals, gas & oil, minor car repairs, camping and trailer space, fishing, fishing licences	14	Yes
710	Rancheria	Campground		
	Rancheria Hotel	Accom., meals, gas & oil, car storage, minor car repairs, tires, store, fishing boat rental, guide service	34	
733	Seagull Creek	Lunch Stop		
733.3	Swift River Auto Camp	Accom., meals, gas & oil, repairs, store, warm car storage	30	
777	Morley River	Campground		
777.7	Morley River Lodge	Accom., meals, gas & oil, store, warm car storage	30	
804	Teslin Lake Motel	Accom., meals, gas & oil, minor car repairs, towing service	22	Yes
804.5	Nisutlin Trading Post	Gas & oil, store, post office		
804.5	Teslin-T & D Trading Post	Store, gas & oil,		Yes
813	Teslin Lake	Campground		Yes
829	Brook's Brook			Yes
837	Johnson's Crossing Lodge	Accom., meals, gas & oil, diesel oil, minor car repairs, boats-fishing guide, heated car storage	35	Yes
849		Campground		
850	Squanga Lake	Lunch Stop		
850	Lakeview Service Station	Gas & oil and repairs		
865.5	Junction-Atlin Road	61 miles to Atlin, B.C.		
865.5	Junction-Carcross Road	33 miles to Carcross, Y.T.		
872	Judas Creek	Campground		
872	Crystal Palace Hotel	Accom., meals, gas & oil, diesel fuel, store, general repairs, trailer space	40	Yes
872	Jake's Corner Service	Gas & oil		
883	Marsh Lake Hunting and Fishing Lodge Ltd.	Accom., meals, gas & oil, repairs, hunting and fishing, boat cruisers and horse rental, guide services	40	Yes
907	Wolf Creek	Lunch stop		
910	McCrae Inn	Accom., meals, gas & oil, diesel fuel, minor car repairs, trailer space, warm car storage	25	Yes
918	WHITEHORSE	Accom., meals, gas & oil, store, 300 repairs, post office		Yes
925	Junction Mayo- Dawson Road	225 miles to Mayo-335 miles to Dawson		
967	Mendenhall Creek	Campground		
987	Krak-R-Krick Inn	Accom., meals, gas & oil, repairs, store	21	Yes
988	Craker Creek	Lunch stop		
996	Canyon Creek	Accom., meals, gas & oil, repairs	10	Yes
1013	Pine Creek	Campground		

<u>Mile</u>	<u>Location or Establishment</u>	<u>Services and Facilities</u>	<u>Number of Persons Accom.</u>	<u>Telephone and Telegraph Service</u>
YUKON TERRITORY (continued)				
1016	Junction Haines Rd	Approximately 135 miles to Haines, Alaska General Store		
1016	Brewster's Lodge and Service	Accom., meals, gas & oil, repairs, hunting guide service, trailer space	25	Yes
1016	Haines Junction Inn	Accom., meals, gas & oil, repairs	17 rooms	Yes
	Haines Junction Lodge Ltd.	Accom., meals, gas & oil, repairs	11 rooms	Yes
1022	MacKintosh Lodge	Accom., meals, gas & oil, store	7 rooms	Yes
1038	Sulphur Lake	Lunch stop		
1054	Silver Creek Lodge	Accom., meals, gas & oil, store	13 rooms	Yes
1064	Kluane Lake	Campground (under Construction)		
1075	Kluane Lake	Lunch stop		
1083	Destruction Bay Lodge	Accom., meals, gas & oil, store, warm car storage	20	Yes
1093	Burwash Lodge	Accom., meals, store, gas & oil, minor car repairs, trailer space	70	Yes
	Kluane Lodge	Accom., meals	21 beds	Yes
	Jacquot Bros.	Guide services		
1095	Joe's Airport Lodge	Accom., meals, gas & oil, repairs	12 beds	Yes
1105	Burwash Flats	Campground		
1152	Lake Creek	Campground		
1167	Rover's Inn	Accom., meals, gas & oil, minor car repairs, store, trailer space, warm storage	15	Yes
1169	White River Lodge	Accom., with bath, meals, gas & oil, repairs and wrecker service, store, trailer space	10 rooms	Yes
1200	Beaver Creek	Store, gas & oil, wrecker		
	Livesey's Hi-way Ser.	service, tire repairs (tubeless)		Yes
1202	Beaver Creek Lodge	Accom., meals, gas & oil, repairs, warm storage	70	Yes
1202		Canadian Immigration & Customs		
1213	Mirror Creek	Campground		
1221	Canada-Alaska Boundary			
<u>Whitehorse-Mayo-Dawson Highway</u>				
35	Fox Lake	Picnic ground, suitable for camping		
103	Carmacks	Accom., store, meals, gas & oil	10 beds	
151	McCabe Creek	Meals, gas & oil, garage		
168	Pelly River Lodge	Accom., meals, gas & oil, boats, big game and fishing guide services	7	
213	Stewart Crossing	Meals, gas & oil		
213	Junction Mayo Road	34 miles to Mayo		
213	Junction Dawson Rd.	122 miles to Dawson		
<u>Haines Road</u>				
42		Canadian Immigration & Customs		
125	Dezadeash Lodge	Accom., meals, gas & oil, repairs		
143.2	Kathleen Lake	Lunch stop, suitable for camping	14 beds	

## AVERAGE MONTHLY MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM TEMPERATURES

	Fort St. John	Beaton Fort River Nelson	Smith River	Watson Lake	Teslin	White- horse	Aishihik	Snag	
January.....	31 -39	26 -45	28 -44	22 -56	18 -57	29 -45	29 -49	33 -50	24 -64
February....	36 -26	34 -28	29 -34	28 -44	30 -45	33 -37	32 -41	28 -46	27 -62
March.....	43 -26	45 -29	51 -28	44 -39	43 -37	42 -25	42 -26	41 -36	44 -39
April.....	59 9	56 3	62 5	54 0	54 4	48 7	50 8	45 -8	54 -13
May.....	73 39	70 34	72 39	67 34	66 31	62 35	64 35	63 30	64 32
June.....	82 34	81 31	85 34	82 26	85 33	84 30	84 32	82 30	85 30
July.....	84 42	86 30	88 41	85 33	88 40	83 35	84 38	79 34	82 35
August.....	84 35	81 31	83 33	81 26	73 39	79 32	80 32	78 28	80 26
September...	81 26	78 25	84 25	75 21	76 28	75 25	72 24	70 19	74 17
October.....	59 5	51 -1	55 8	51 -4	52 3	48 5	47 2	46 1	48 -15
November....	58 0	55 -10	50 -14	52 -24	47 -28	48 -15	49 -22	46 -30	36 -40
December....	36 -30	28 -32	27 -41	24 -49	19 -46	28 -40	31 -35	31 -40	14 -48

- indicates below Zero



# Travel Information

The Canadian Government Travel Bureau, a branch of the Department of Northern Affairs and National Resources, provides a free information service on travel to and within Canada.

The Bureau works in close co-operation with other federal departments and with provincial and local tourist associations and information bureaus, and inquiries are regularly referred to those sources so that full information shall be supplied.

In order that inquirers may obtain all available data, including the full benefit of unpublished information, they are urged to state their needs definitely, and in detail and, if possible, name the particular section of the country in which they are interested. Inquiries should be directed to the Canadian Government Travel Bureau, Ottawa, Canada.

## Provincial Bureaus

The following provincial tourist bureaus will give information on their respective provinces:

NEWFOUNDLAND - Tourist Development Office, St. John's

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND - Prince Edward Island Travel Bureau, Charlottetown

NOVA SCOTIA - Tourist and Information Bureau, Halifax

NEW BRUNSWICK - New Brunswick Travel Bureau, Fredericton

QUEBEC - Province of Quebec Tourist Bureau, Quebec City

ONTARIO - Department of Travel and Publicity, 67 College Street, Toronto

MANITOBA - Bureau of Travel and Publicity, Parliament Building, Winnipeg

SASKATCHEWAN - Department of Travel and Information, Regina

ALBERTA - Alberta Travel Bureau, Legislative Building, Edmonton

BRITISH COLUMBIA - British Columbia Government Travel Bureau, Victoria

\* \* \* \* \*

YUKON AND NORTHWEST TERRITORIES)		Canadian Government
)		Travel Bureau,
NATIONAL PARKS OF CANADA )		Ottawa, Canada

For additional Copies of this publication write to the:

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